

Equation-Based Modeling and Simulation in Miking

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Outline

Equation-Based Modeling and Equation-Based Object-Oriented (EOO) Modeling Languges (MLs) by Example

M-EOO Compiler Overview



A small RLC-circuit example



A small RLC-circuit example





A small RLC-circuit example



Example simulation trace i(t) over some time interval



A small RLC-circuit example



Example simulation trace i(t) over some time interval

Component Equations



A small RLC-circuit example



Example simulation trace i(t) over some time interval

Component Equations



A small RLC-circuit example



Example simulation trace i(t) over some time interval

Component Equations

 $u_R(t) = R \cdot i_R(t)$



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A small RLC-circuit example



Example simulation trace i(t) over some time interval

Component Equations

$$u_{R}(t) = R \cdot i_{R}(t)$$
$$u_{L}(t) = L \cdot \frac{d}{dt} i_{L}(t)$$
$$\frac{d}{dt} u_{C}(t) = C \cdot i_{C}(t)$$
$$u_{V}(t) = v(t)$$



A small RLC-circuit example



Example simulation trace i(t) over some time interval

Component Equations

$$u_{R}(t) = R \cdot i_{R}(t)$$
$$u_{L}(t) = L \cdot \frac{d}{dt} i_{L}(t)$$
$$\frac{d}{dt} u_{C}(t) = C \cdot i_{C}(t)$$
$$u_{V}(t) = v(t)$$

$$i_R(t) = i_L(t)$$

$$i_L(t) = i_C(t)$$

$$u_V(t) = u_R(t) + u_L(r) + u_C(t)$$



A small RLC-circuit example



Example simulation trace i(t) over some time interval

EOO ML

Component Equations

$$u_{R}(t) = R \cdot i_{R}(t)$$
$$u_{L}(t) = L \cdot \frac{d}{dt}i_{L}(t)$$
$$\frac{d}{dt}u_{C}(t) = C \cdot i_{C}(t)$$
$$u_{V}(t) = v(t)$$

$$i_R(t) = i_L(t)$$

$$i_L(t) = i_C(t)$$

$$u_V(t) = u_R(t) + u_L(r) + u_C(t)$$



A small RLC-circuit example



Example simulation trace i(t) over some time interval

EOO ML

 Component equations in libraries

Component Equations

$$u_{R}(t) = R \cdot i_{R}(t)$$
$$u_{L}(t) = L \cdot \frac{d}{dt} i_{L}(t)$$
$$\frac{d}{dt} u_{C}(t) = C \cdot i_{C}(t)$$
$$u_{V}(t) = v(t)$$

$$i_R(t) = i_L(t)$$

$$i_L(t) = i_C(t)$$

$$u_V(t) = u_R(t) + u_L(r) + u_C(t)$$



A small RLC-circuit example



Example simulation trace i(t) over some time interval

EOO ML

- Component equations in libraries
- Compiler finds connection equation

Component Equations

$$u_{R}(t) = R \cdot i_{R}(t)$$
$$u_{L}(t) = L \cdot \frac{d}{dt} i_{L}(t)$$
$$\frac{d}{dt} u_{C}(t) = C \cdot i_{C}(t)$$
$$u_{V}(t) = v(t)$$

$$\begin{split} i_R(t) &= i_L(t) \\ i_L(t) &= i_C(t) \\ u_v(t) &= u_R(t) + u_L(r) + u_C(t) \end{split}$$



EOO MLs in General



*From the Modelica standard library

 Established modeling paradigm

 E.g., modeling of vehicles, power plants, and aircraft



- M-EOO is a DSL for EOO modeling and simulation
- Statically typed functional style EOO ML
- Implemented in the Miking framework
- Early stage of development
- Small standard library for analog circuits and 1D mechanics



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RLC Circuit Model

```
main model
 1
 2
       def R = 0.2 end
 3
       def L = 1.0 end
 4
       def C = 1.0 end
 5
       node n1, n2, n3, n4. n5
 6
       var t,i:Real
 7
     equation
 8
       t' = 1.0:
       Resistor (R, n1, n2);
9
10
       Inductor (L, n2, n3);
11
       Capacitor (C, n3, n4);
       VoltageSource(sigmoid(t,7.0),n5,n4);
12
       CurrentSensor(i,n5,n1)
13
14
    output
15
       (t,i)
16
    end
```





RLC Circuit Model

```
main model
 1
 2
       def R = 0.2 end
 3
       def L = 1.0 end
 4
       def C = 1.0 end
 5
       node n1, n2, n3, n4. n5
 6
       var t,i:Real
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     equation
 8
       t' = 1.0:
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       Resistor (R, n1, n2);
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       Inductor (L, n2, n3);
11
       Capacitor (C, n3, n4);
       VoltageSource(sigmoid(t,7.0),n5,n4);
12
13
       CurrentSensor(i,n5,n1)
14
     output
15
       (t,i)
16
    end
```

Inductor Model

```
model Inductor: Real*Node*Node->Model
1
2
   model Inductor(L, cathode, anode) =
3
   var u,i:Real
4
   equation
5
   u = L*i':
6
   connect cathode to anode in
7
   Electrical with u across i through
8
   end
```





RLC Circuit Model

```
main model
 1
 2
       def R = 0.2 end
 3
       def L = 1.0 end
 4
       def C = 1.0 end
 5
       node n1, n2, n3, n4, n5
 6
       var t,i:Real
 7
     equation
 8
       t' = 1.0:
       Resistor (R, n1, n2);
 9
10
       Inductor(L.n2.n3):
11
       Capacitor (C, n3, n4);
       VoltageSource(sigmoid(t,7.0),n5,n4);
12
13
       CurrentSensor(i,n5,n1)
14
     output
15
       (t,i)
16
    end
```

Inductor Model

```
model Inductor: Real*Node*Node->Model
1
2
   model Inductor(L, cathode, anode) =
3
   var u,i:Real
4
   equation
5
   u = L*i':
6
   connect cathode to anode in
7
   Electrical with u across i through
8
   end
```

Simulation Trace for i





compiler





 $\leftarrow \textit{parsing, desugaring, and typechecking}$

 $\leftarrow extended \ subset \ of \ pure \ MExpr$



EOOCore

M-EOO model

```
main model
 1
 2
       def R = 0.2 end
 3
      def L = 1.0 end
 4
      def C = 1.0 end
 5
       node n1.n2.n3.n4.n5
 6
      var t.i:Real
 7
     equation
 8
      t' = 1.0:
9
       Resistor (R, n1, n2);
10
       Inductor(L, n2, n3);
11
       Capacitor(C.n3.n4):
12
       VoltageSource(sigmoid(t,7.0),n5,n4);
13
       CurrentSensor(i,n5,n1)
14
     output
15
      (t.i)
16
    end
```

EOOCore program

```
1
    let #var"R" = 0.2 in
 2
    let #var"L" = 1. in
 3
    let \#var"C" = 1. in
    let n5 = gensym {} in
4
5
    let n4 = gensym {} in
6
    let n3 = gensym \{\} in
 7
    let n2 = gensym \{\} in
8
    let n1 = gensym {} in
9
    let i: Float = gendynvarf "i" in
    let t: Float = gendynvarf "t" in
10
11
     (let eqn: [Equation] =
12
         concat
13
           [ eqnf (dotf 1 t) 1. ]
14
         (concat
15
           (#var"Resistor"
16
              (#var"R", n1, n2))
17
         -- ... more components ...
18
         (concat (#var"VoltageSource"
19
                    (sigmoid (t, 7.),
20
                     n5, n4))
21
           (#var"CurrentSensor"
22
               (i, n5, n1))))))
23
      in eqn. (t. i))
```





 $\leftarrow \textit{parsing, desugaring, and typechecking}$

 $\leftarrow extended \ subset \ of \ pure \ MExpr$





 $^{^1\}text{D.}$ Broman, J. Siek. 2012. Modelyze: a Gradually Typed Host Language for Embedding Equation-Based Modeling Languages. Tech. Report



Flattening

EOOCore program

```
1
    let #var"R" = 0.2 in
 2
   let #var"L" = 1. in
 3
   let #var"C" = 1. in
   let n5 = gensym {} in
 4
 5
    let n4 = gensym {} in
   let n3 = gensym \{\} in
 6
7
    let n2 = gensym {} in
8
    let n1 = gensym {} in
9
    let i: Float = gendynvarf "i" in
    let t: Float = gendynyarf "t" in
10
    (let eqn: [Equation] =
11
12
        concat
13
           [ eqnf (dotf 1 t) 1. ]
14
         (concat
          (#var"Resistor"
15
16
              (#var"R", n1, n2))
17
        -- ... more components ...
18
         (concat (#var"VoltageSource"
19
                    (sigmoid (t, 7.),
20
                    n5, n4))
21
          (#var"CurrentSensor"
22
              (i, n5, n1))))))
23
     in eqn. (t. i))
```

Flat EOO IR

```
1
2
    eans:
 3
       subf (dvar 1 uC)
 Δ
            (mulf 1. (dvar 0 iC));
 5
       subf (dvar 0 uL)
6
            (mulf 1. (dvar 1 iL));
7
       subf (dvar 0 uR)
8
            (mulf 0.2 (dvar 0 iR));
       subf (dvar 1 t) 1.
9
10
11
    out:
12
       (dvar 0 t, dvar 0 i)
13
14
    graphs:
15
    -- ... Graph encoding connections
```





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¹D. Broman, J. Siek. 2012. Modelyze: a Gradually Typed Host Language for Embedding Equation-Based Modeling Languages. Tech. Report

²E.g., J. McPhee. 1996. On the use of linear graph theory in multibody system dynamics. Nonlinear Dynamics



Elaboration

Flat EOO IR

```
1
 2
    eqns:
 3
      subf (dvar 1 uC)
 4
            (mulf 1. (dvar 0 iC));
 5
      subf (dvar 0 uL)
 6
            (mulf 1. (dvar 1 iL));
7
      subf (dvar 0 uR)
8
            (mulf 0.2 (dvar 0 iR));
9
      subf (dvar 1 t) 1.
10
11
    out:
12
     (dvar 0 t, dvar 0 i)
13
14
    graphs:
15
    -- ... Graph encoding connections
```

DAE IR

```
1
2
    egns:
3
      subf
4
    (dvar 1 uC)
5
      (mulf 1. (dvar 0 iC));
6
    subf
7
      (dvar 0 uL)
8
      (mulf 1. (dvar 1 iL));
9
     subf
10
      (dvar 0 uR)
11
      (mulf 0.2 (dvar 0 iR));
12
    subf
13
      (dvar 1 t) 1.;
14
    subf
15
    (dvar 0 iR)
16
      (addf 0. (dvar 0 i));
17
   subf
18
    (dvar 0 iL)
19
      (addf 0. (dvar 0 i));
20
   subf
21
      (dvar 0 iC)
22
      (addf 0. (dvar 0 i));
23
    -- ... Additional equation
24
    out:
25
    (dvar 0 t, dvar 0 i)
```





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² E.g., J. McPhee. 1996. On the use of linear graph theory in multibody system dynamics. Nonlinear Dynamics
 ³ O. Eriksson, V. Palmkvist, and D. Broman. 2023. Partial Evaluation of Automatic Differentiation for Differential-Algebraic Equations Solvers. (GPCE 2023)





I have presented an overview the EOO DSL M-EOO and its compiler

Prototype Implementation

https://github.com/miking-lang/miking-dae on the branch
eoo